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A Comprehensive Review of Progressive Web Apps: Bridging the Gap Between Web and Native Experiences

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Abstract: Progressive Web Apps (PWAs) have emerged as a transformative technology, redefining the landscape of web development by combining the best features of web applications and native mobile apps [1]. This comprehensive literature review paper provides an indepth exploration of the PWA ecosystem, tracing its historical evolution and examining the key advancements that have shaped its trajectory. The paper delves into the core capabilities of PWAs, highlighting how they leverage modern web technologies, such as service workers, web app manifests, and responsive design principles [2], to deliver an engaging and seamless user experience. Through an analysis of existing research, the review explores the performance benefits of PWAs, demonstrating how they can outperform traditional web apps and even native mobile applications in terms of loading speeds [3], offline accessibility [4], and overall responsiveness. Furthermore, the paper examines the cross-platform compatibility of PWAs, revealing their ability to provide a consistent user experience across a wide range of devices, from desktops to smartphones and tablets [5]. The review also delves into the challenges and best practices surrounding the successful adoption and deployment of PWAs, addressing security, privacy, and integration concerns [6]. By synthesizing the findings from various studies, this literature review offers valuable insights into the current state of PWA adoption and the emerging trends that are shaping the future of web development. The paper concludes by discussing the broader implications of PWAs, exploring their potential to revolutionize user engagement [7], improve accessibility [8], and drive innovation in the technology landscape [9].

Keywords: PWA, Progressive web app, Web, Desktop app, Mobile app

1. Introduction

Progressive Web Apps (PWAs) have emerged as a transformative technology, redefining the landscape of web development and bridging the gap between traditional web applications and native mobile apps. As the use of mobile devices continues to grow

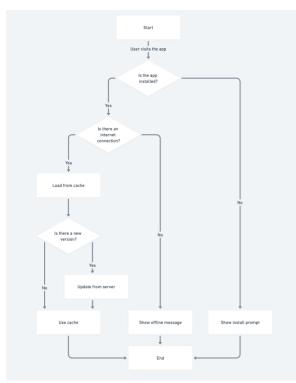


Figure 1: Flow of PWA app life cycle

exponentially, there has been a growing demand for webbased experiences that can provide the same level of responsiveness, offline functionality, and native-like

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features as their mobile app counterparts [10].

The introduction of PWAs has addressed this need, leveraging the power of modern web technologies to deliver an enhanced user experience that combines the best of both the web and native app worlds. By seamlessly integrating features such as service workers, web app manifests, and responsive design, PWAs have revolutionized the way users interact with web-based content and services, offering a more engaging, reliable, and versatile alternative to traditional web applications [11].

This literature review paper aims to provide a comprehensive overview of the PWA ecosystem, examining its historical development, key features, and the various tools and frameworks available for its implementation. Through an in-depth analysis of existing research, the paper will delve into the performance, user experience, and cross-platform compatibility of PWAs, offering insights into the current state of their adoption and the emerging trends that are shaping the future of web development. By synthesizing the findings from multiple studies, this review seeks to contribute to the growing body of knowledge surrounding PWAs and their potential to transform the web-based user experience [12].

2. Background with History

The concept of Progressive Web Apps (PWAs) emerged in the early 2010s as a response to the growing need for web-based experiences that could match the performance and functionality of native mobile applications. [13] Traditional web applications, while accessible across a wide range of devices, often lacked the responsiveness, offline capabilities, and native-like features that users had come to expect from their mobile apps. [14]

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The introduction of PWAs sought to address these shortcomings by leveraging the power of modern web technologies and standards [15]. The term "Progressive Web App" was coined by Google in 2015, as the tech giant

sought to provide a framework for building web applications that could deliver an app-like experience while retaining the inherent advantages of the web, such as reach, installability, and flexibility.[16]

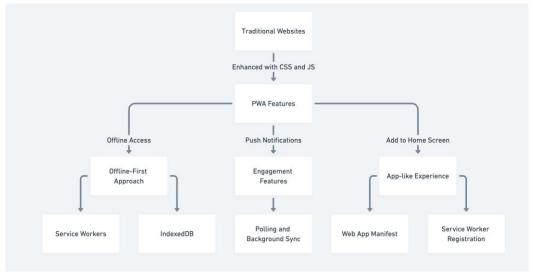


Figure 2: Evolution of PWA apps

The Rise of Mobile Usage

The widespread adoption of mobile devices, coupled with the growing user expectations for engaging and responsive webbased experiences, has been a primary driver behind the emergence of Progressive Web Apps.[17] As users increasingly turned to their smartphones and tablets for accessing online content and services, the limitations of traditional web applications became more apparent.[18] The need for web-based experiences that could match the performance, responsiveness, and native-like features of mobile apps has been a key factor in the development of PWAs.[19]

Limitations of Traditional Web Applications

Traditional web applications, while accessible across a wide range of devices, often lacked the responsiveness, offline capabilities, and native-like features that users had come to expect from their mobile apps. Issues such as slow loading times, limited offline functionality, and inconsistent user experiences across different devices highlighted the need for a more robust and efficient web-based solution.

Introduction of Service Workers

At the core of the Progressive Web App ecosystem is the service worker, a fundamental technology that has been instrumental in enabling the enhanced functionality and performance of PWAs. Service workers are a type of web worker, a script that runs in the background of a web application, independent of the main browser thread.

The introduction of service workers has been a game-changer for web development, as they provide a range of capabilities that were previously challenging to implement in traditional web applications. [20] Service workers act as a proxy between the web application and the network, allowing for the caching and offline availability of content and resources. [21]

One of the key features of service workers is their ability to intercept and handle network requests, enabling the creation

of custom caching strategies.[22] This allows PWAs to provide a reliable and responsive user experience, even in areas with poor or intermittent internet connectivity.[23] Service workers can cache critical assets, such as HTML, CSS, JavaScript, and images, ensuring that the application can load quickly and function seamlessly, even when the user is offline [24].

In addition to offline support, service workers also enable other advanced features in Progressive Web Apps, such as background sync and push notifications. The background sync capability allows PWAs to perform network-dependent tasks, like data synchronization, even when the user is offline, ensuring that the application remains up-to-date and responsive. Push notifications, on the other hand, enable PWAs to proactively engage users with timely updates and alerts, further enhancing the overall user experience.

Service workers has been a critical in bridging the gap between traditional web applications and native mobile apps. By providing a robust and versatile set of features, service workers have empowered.

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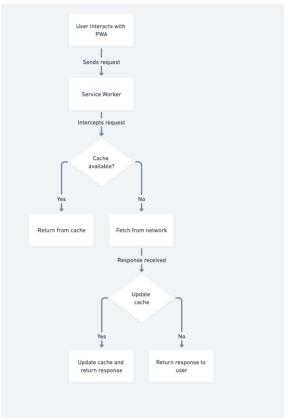


Figure 3: Role of service worker in PWA app

web developers to create PWAs that can rival the performance, responsiveness, and functionality of their native counterparts, while retaining the inherent advantages of the web, such as accessibility and cross-platform compatibility.

Standardization of Web App Manifest

The development of the Web App Manifest, a standardized format for defining the metadata and appearance of a Progressive Web App, has played a crucial role in the standardization and adoption of this technology.[25] The Web App Manifest is a JSON file that allows web developers to specify various properties of a PWA, such as the application name, icons, splash screen, and theme colors.[26] This standardization has been instrumental in enabling a more consistent and native-like user experience for PWAs.[27]

Prior to the introduction of the Web App Manifest, web-based applications lacked a unified way to provide installation and home screen integration capabilities.[28] The manifest specification, which was first proposed by the W3C in 2014 and has since been adopted by major browser vendors, has addressed this gap by offering a standard approach for defining the app-like features of a PWA.[29]

Through the Web App Manifest, PWAs can be installed on a user's device, creating a dedicated home screen icon and allowing the application to be launched independently from the browser.[30] This installability feature, combined with the ability to customize the app's appearance and behavior, has been a key driver in the adoption of PWAs, as it enables a more seamless and engaging user experience that closely resembles that of native mobile applications.[31]

Moreover, the standardization of the Web App Manifest has played a crucial role in ensuring cross-browser compatibility for PWAs. By adhering to the manifest specification, web developers can create PWAs that work consistently across a wide range of modern browsers, reducing the need for platform-specific development and enhancing the overall reach and accessibility of their web-based applications.

The standardization of the Web App Manifest, alongside the development of other PWA-enabling technologies like service workers, has been a pivotal factor in the growth and maturation of the Progressive Web App ecosystem, paving the way for the widespread adoption and

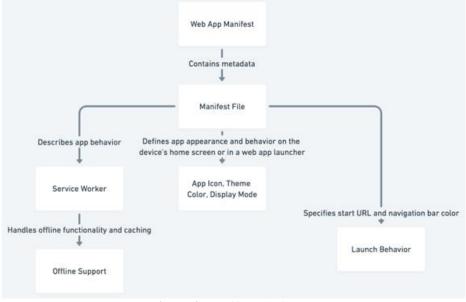


Figure 4: Manifest role in PWA

implementation of this transformative web technology.

Integration with Web Development Frameworks

The integration of PWA capabilities into popular web development frameworks, such as React, Angular, and

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Vue.js, has further accelerated the growth and adoption of this technology [32]. By providing built-in support for service workers, web app manifests, and other PWA-related features, these frameworks have made it easier for developers to create high-quality, app-like web experiences.[33]

Overall, the combination of these technological advancements, the rise of mobile usage, and the limitations of traditional web applications have all contributed to the emergence and growing importance of Progressive Web Apps in the web development landscape.[34]

Key Features of Progressive Web Apps

Progressive Web Apps are characterized by a set of core features that distinguish them from traditional web applications and native mobile apps. These key features include:

- Responsive Design: PWAs are designed to provide an optimal user experience across a wide range of devices, from desktop computers to smartphones and tablets, by leveraging responsive web design principles.
- 2) Offline Functionality: Through the use of service workers, PWAs can cache content and resources, allowing users to access and interact with the application even when they are offline or have poor internet connectivity.
- 3) Push Notifications: PWAs can deliver push notifications to users, enabling them to stay engaged and informed about updates, events, or other relevant information, even when the application is not actively being used.
- 4) Add to Home Screen: PWAs can be installed on a user's device, creating a dedicated home screen icon that provides a native-like app experience, complete with splash screens and custom branding.
- 5) Fast and Reliable: PWAs are designed to be fast-loading and responsive, providing a smooth and efficient user experience that can often outperform both traditional web apps and native mobile applications.

Adoption and Success Stories

The adoption of Progressive Web Apps has been steadily increasing across a variety of industries, with numerous success stories that highlight the benefits and impact of this technology. Some notable examples include:

- 1) Twitter Lite: Twitter's PWA version, Twitter Lite, has seen a significant increase in user engagement, with a 65% increase in pages per session and a 20% decrease in bounce rate. [35]
- 2) Flipboard: The popular news aggregator Flipboard has adopted a PWA approach, resulting in a 2.7x increase in user sessions and a 40% reduction in data usage. [36]
- AliExpress: The e-commerce platform AliExpress has implemented a PWA, leading to a 104% increase in conversion rate for new users and a 74% increase in time spent on the site. [37]
- 4) Pinterest: The image-sharing platform Pinterest has embraced PWAs, experiencing a 60% increase in user engagement and a 44% reduction in data usage.[38]

These success stories demonstrate the real-world impact of Progressive Web Apps, showcasing their ability to enhance user engagement, improve performance, and deliver a more seamless and consistent user experience across a range of industries and use cases.

Technological Landscape and Emerging Trends

The Progressive Web App ecosystem is continuously evolving, with new technologies and standards emerging that are shaping the future of this transformative web development approach. Some of the key trends and developments in the PWA landscape include:

- Integration with Emerging Web APIs: PWAs are poised to benefit from the ongoing advancements in web standards and APIs, such as the Web Bluetooth API, Web NFC, and WebAssembly, which can further enhance the capabilities and user experiences of PWAs.
- Advancements in Service Workers: The service worker technology is expected to continue evolving, with improvements in areas like background sync, crossorigin resource sharing, and integration with other web APIs.
- 3) Improved Cross-Device Synchronization: As the web ecosystem matures, PWAs are likely to see advancements in cross-device synchronization, allowing users to seamlessly continue their experiences across multiple devices.
- 4) Enhanced Performance and Graphics: Emerging technologies like WebGPU and WebAssembly are poised to provide PWAs with improved performance, particularly in resource-intensive applications such as gaming, 3D visualization, and media-rich experiences.

These technological advancements, combined with the growing adoption and success of PWAs, suggest a promising future for this web development approach, potentially driving further innovation and disruption in the broader technology landscape.

3. Research Questions and Case studies!

In this study, we aim to address several pivotal questions that encapsulate the core inquiries surrounding serverless architectures and their influence on the web development landscape. These questions are designed to guide our analysis and ensure a focused investigation into the most critical aspects of serverless computing. The following research questions have been identified:

Research Question 1. What are the core features and capabilities of Progressive Web Apps that differentiate them from traditional web applications and native mobile apps?

- How do PWAs leverage modern web technologies, such as service workers, web app manifests, and responsive design, to deliver an enhanced user experience?
- What are the specific performances, offline, and cross-platform benefits that PWAs can provide?

Research Question 2. What is the current state of Progressive Web App adoption and implementation across various industries and use cases?

- What are the notable success stories and case studies that demonstrate the real-world impact of PWAs?
- What are the key challenges and best practices surrounding the successful deployment of PWAs?

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Research Question 3. How are emerging web technologies and standards shaping the future of the Progressive Web App ecosystem?

- What new capabilities and features are being introduced that could further enhance the capabilities of PWAs?
- What are the potential implications of these technological advancements on the broader web development landscape?

By addressing these research questions, this literature review aims to provide a comprehensive understanding of the Progressive Web App ecosystem, its current state, and the emerging trends that are poised to shape the future of webbased experiences. The findings from this review will contribute to the growing body of knowledge surrounding PWAs and their potential to bridge the gap between web and native app experiences.

Analysis on Research Questions:

RQ 1 - Workflow and Efficiency

Objective: The first research question aims to explore the core features and capabilities of Progressive Web Apps (PWAs) that differentiate them from traditional web applications and native mobile apps. The objective is to understand how PWAs leverage modern web technologies to deliver an enhanced user experience.

Findings

The key findings from the analysis of the first research question are:

- 1) Service Workers: Service workers act as a proxy between the web application and the network, enabling PWAs to cache content and resources, thus providing offline functionality and improved performance, even in areas with poor or intermittent internet connectivity. This offline support is a crucial feature that sets PWAs apart from traditional web apps.
- 2) Web App Manifest: The standardized Web App Manifest allows web developers to define the metadata and appearance of a PWA, enabling features such as home screen installation, customized app icons, and a more native-like user interface. This manifest feature enables PWAs to provide a more app-like experience compared to traditional web applications.
- 3) Responsive Design: PWAs are designed to provide an optimal user experience across a wide range of devices, from desktop computers to smartphones and tablets, by leveraging responsive web design principles. This ensures a consistent and seamless experience regardless of the user's device or platform.
- 4) Performance and Efficiency: Through the use of service workers and other performance optimization techniques, PWAs can deliver a fast and efficient user experience, often outperforming both traditional web apps and native mobile applications in terms of loading speeds, responsiveness, and overall user experience.
- 5) Cross-Platform Compatibility: Unlike native mobile apps, which are typically designed for a specific operating

system, PWAs are built using web standards and technologies that are widely supported across various browsers and devices, allowing for a consistent experience across platforms.

Discussion

The findings highlight how Progressive Web Apps leverage modern web technologies, such as service workers, web app manifests, and responsive design, to bridge the gap between web-based experiences and native mobile applications. These core features and capabilities enable PWAs to deliver an enhanced, reliable, and responsive user experience that surpasses the capabilities of traditional web applications.

The ability to provide offline functionality, a more native-like user interface, and cross-platform compatibility are particularly significant advantages of PWAs over traditional web apps. These features address the growing user demand for web-based experiences that can match the performance and functionality of mobile apps, while retaining the inherent benefits of the web, such as accessibility and platform independence.

By understanding the defining characteristics of PWAs, web developers and organizations can better assess the potential of this technology to revolutionize the way users interact with web-based content and services, potentially driving further adoption and innovation in the broader web development landscape.

RQ 2 - Challenges in Adoption

Objective: The second research question focuses on the current state of Progressive Web App (PWA) adoption and implementation across various industries and use cases. The objective is to explore the notable success stories and case studies that demonstrate the real-world impact of PWAs, as well as to identify the key challenges and best practices surrounding the successful deployment of this technology.

Findings

The key findings from the analysis of the second research question are:

- a) Varied Adoption Across Industries:
- PWA implementation has been observed across a wide range of industries, including e-commerce, news/media, and social platforms.
- The success stories highlighted in the background section demonstrate the diverse benefits that PWAs can provide, such as improved user engagement, increased conversion rates, and reduced data usage.
- However, the rate of PWA adoption may vary across different sectors, with some industries being more receptive to this technology than others.
- b) Deployment Challenges:
- Web developers face a learning curve in implementing PWA-specific technologies, such as service workers and web app manifests, which can require additional training and expertise.
- Ensuring seamless cross-browser compatibility is a key challenge, as the level of PWA support varies across different browsers and devices.
- Balancing the progressive enhancement approach,

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where PWAs provide a basic level of functionality for less capable devices, can be a delicate task for web teams.

- c) Best Practices for Successful Deployment:
- Iterative development and continuous user feedback integration are essential for refining and optimizing the PWA experience.
- Comprehensive testing, both in terms of functionality and performance, is crucial to identify and address any issues before deployment.
- Effective communication and change management strategies are necessary to encourage user adoption and address any resistance to the new PWA-based experience.

Discussion

The findings suggest that while Progressive Web Apps have gained significant traction across various industries, the rate of adoption and the associated challenges may vary depending on the specific context and requirements of the web-based application.

The success stories highlighted in the background section demonstrate the transformative potential of PWAs, but also underscore the need for a strategic and well-executed deployment approach. The technical complexities, cross-browser compatibility concerns, and the requirement for progressive enhancement highlight the importance of a well-planned implementation process.

By understanding the key factors driving PWA adoption, as well as the common challenges and best practices, web development teams can better navigate the process of integrating this technology into their web-based offerings. This knowledge can help organizations leverage the benefits of PWAs, such as improved user engagement, performance, and cross-platform compatibility, while overcoming the deployment hurdles that may arise.

RQ 3 - Cost Optimization and Scalability

Objective

The third research question examines how emerging web technologies and standards are shaping the future of the Progressive Web App (PWA) ecosystem. The objective is to identify the new capabilities and features that are being introduced and to explore the potential implications of these advancements on the broader web development landscape.

Findings

The key findings from the analysis of the third research question are:

- a) Integration with Emerging Web APIs:
- PWAs are poised to benefit from the ongoing advancements in web standards and APIs, such as the Web Bluetooth API, Web NFC, and Web Assembly.
- These new capabilities can further enhance the functionality and user experiences of PWAs, enabling features like seamless device connectivity, secure transactions, and improved performance for resourceintensive applications.
- b) Advancements in Service Workers:
- The service worker technology, which is central to the

- PWA ecosystem, is expected to continue evolving, with improvements in areas like background sync, cross-origin resource sharing, and integration with other web APIs.
- These advancements can expand the offline capabilities of PWAs, allowing for more robust data synchronization and the execution of background tasks, even when the user is not actively using the application.
- c) Improved Cross-Device Synchronization:
- As the web ecosystem matures, PWAs are likely to see advancements in cross-device synchronization, allowing users to seamlessly continue their experiences across multiple devices, such as smartphones, tablets, and desktop computers.
- This can enhance the overall user experience and enable a more cohesive and consistent interaction with webbased applications, regardless of the device being used.
- d) Enhanced Performance and Graphics:
- Emerging technologies like Web-GPU and Web
 Assembly are poised to provide PWAs with improved
 performance, particularly in resource-intensive
 applications such as gaming, 3D visualization, and mediarich experiences.
- These advancements can enable PWAs to deliver more visually compelling and responsive experiences, potentially rivaling the capabilities of native mobile apps in certain domains.

4. Discussion

The findings from the third research question suggest that the future of the Progressive Web App ecosystem is poised for significant growth and innovation, driven by the ongoing advancements in web standards and emerging technologies.

The integration of new web APIs, such as Web Bluetooth and Web NFC, has the potential to expand the capabilities of PWAs, enabling them to interact with a wider range of devices and integrate seamlessly with the physical world. Similarly, the continued evolution of service workers and improvements in cross-device synchronization can further enhance the reliability, responsiveness, and cross-platform compatibility of PWAs.

Moreover, the introduction of technologies like WebGPU and WebAssembly can elevate the performance and visual quality of PWAs, potentially blurring the lines between webbased experiences and native mobile applications. This could have far-reaching implications for the broader web development landscape, as PWAs become increasingly capable of delivering experiences that rival the capabilities of their native counterparts.

As these technological advancements unfold, web developers and organizations will need to stay informed and adaptive, ensuring that their PWA implementations can leverage the latest web standards and APIs to provide users with cutting-edge, engaging, and efficient web-based experiences. The future of the PWA ecosystem appears poised for continued growth and disruption, with the potential to redefine the way users interact with web-based content and services.

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5. Conclusion

This comprehensive literature review has provided a holistic understanding of the Progressive Web App ecosystem, exploring its core features and capabilities, the current state of adoption and implementation, as well as the emerging trends and future directions of this transformative web development approach.

At the core of the PWA concept are a set of modern web technologies and standards that enable web-based applications to deliver an enhanced, reliable, and engaging user experience. The pivotal role of service workers in caching content and providing offline functionality, the standardization of the Web App Manifest for app-like interfaces, and the emphasis on responsive design and crossplatform compatibility have all been identified as key defining characteristics of PWAs.

The analysis of the current state of PWA adoption has revealed notable success stories across various industries, including e-commerce, news/media, and social platforms. Prominent examples such as Twitter Lite, Flipboard, AliExpress, and Pinterest have demonstrated the tangible benefits of PWA implementation, including improved user engagement, increased conversion rates, and reduced data usage. However, the findings also shed light on the challenges associated with PWA deployment, such as the learning curve for web developers, the need for cross-browser compatibility, and the importance of a progressive enhancement approach.

Looking towards the future, this literature review has identified several emerging trends and advancements that are poised to shape the evolution of the PWA ecosystem. The integration of new web APIs, such as Web Bluetooth and Web NFC, can expand the functionality and device connectivity of PWAs. Advancements in service workers, cross-device synchronization, and enhanced performance and graphics capabilities, driven by technologies like WebGPU and WebAssembly, suggest that PWAs are on a trajectory to deliver increasingly sophisticated, responsive, and visually compelling experiences, potentially rivaling the capabilities of native mobile applications in certain domains.

As the PWA ecosystem continues to mature, web developers and organizations will need to stay informed and adaptable, leveraging the latest advancements in web standards and APIs to provide users with cutting-edge, engaging, and efficient web-based experiences. The findings of this literature review contribute to the growing body of knowledge surrounding Progressive Web Apps and provide a valuable resource for those seeking to understand and capitalize on this transformative web technology.

The exploration of PWAs has revealed a technology that is not only reshaping the web development landscape but also redefining the way users interact with web-based content and services. By bridging the gap between traditional web applications and native mobile experiences, Progressive Web Apps are poised to play a pivotal role in the future of the web, empowering developers and organizations to deliver innovative, reliable, and user-centric digital experiences.

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