Tinea Capitis: A Case Study on the Efficacy of Sepia Succus in Homeopathic Practice in 50 Millesimal Potencies

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Abstract: This journal presents a successful case of Tinea Capitis treated with Sepia 0/1, 0/2, and 0/3. Tinea Capitis, a fungal infection of the scalp caused by dermatophytes, was addressed holistically using individualized homeopathic treatment. Significant improvement was observed in symptoms and scalp health, demonstrating the efficacy of Sepia in treating dermatological conditions.

Keywords: Tinea Capitis, Homeopathy, Sepia, Fungal Infection, Scalp Health, Holistic Treatment

1. Introduction

Tinea Capitis is a common fungal infection affecting the scalp, predominantly in children but also seen in adults. It is characterized by scaly patches, hair loss, and inflammation, leading to physical discomfort and psychological distress. Conventional treatments often involve antifungal medications, which may cause side effects. This case study explores the efficacy of Sepia, a homeopathic medicine, in treating Tinea Capitis safely and effectively.

Disease - Causing Agent

Tinea Capitis is primarily caused by dermatophytes, such as Trichophyton and Microsporum species. These fungi invade keratinized tissues like hair and skin, thriving in warm and humid conditions. Transmission occurs through direct contact with infected individuals, animals, or contaminated objects.

Transmission

Transmission occurs through direct contact with infected individuals, animals, or contaminated objects such as combs, hats, or bedding. Crowded living conditions and poor hygiene increase the risk of infection.

Pathogenesis

The fungi penetrate the hair shaft and scalp, breaking down keratin and causing inflammatory reactions. The infection weakens the hair, leading to breakage and hair loss. The host's immune response contributes to symptoms such as itching and redness.

Clinical Manifestation

Typical symptoms of Tinea Capitis include:

- Scaly, round patches on the scalp
- Hair loss in affected areas

- Itching and redness
- Pus filled lesions in severe cases
- Enlarged lymph nodes in some patients

2. Case Description

Patient Details: A 25 - year - old male presented with scaly patches and significant hair loss on the occipital region of the scalp. The condition had persisted for three months, resistant to

over - the - counter treatments.

Medical History: No significant past illnesses. The patient reported susceptibility to fungal infections and a family history of similar issues.

Life Space Investigation:

The patient owns a cement factory and he helps the workers by loading cement on head. He used a towel which I used by workers in the industry with is not always clean. So, the mode of infection would be obviously his working background.

3. Symptoms

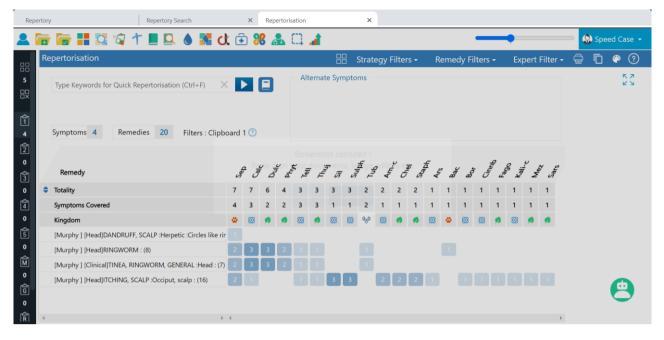
- Itching and irritation on the scalp
- Hair loss localized to scaly patches
- Severe itching and dryness

4. Diagnosis

Based on clinical examination and dermoscopic findings, the patient was diagnosed with Tinea Capitis. Fungal culture confirmed the presence of *Trichophyton tonsurans*. Differential diagnoses, such as seborrheic dermatitis and alopecia areata, were ruled out.

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Repertorial Approach



Treatment Plan

The homeopathic treatment included the following:

- Sepia 0/1: Administered for 10 days, once daily morning
- Sepia 0/2: Administered for the next 10 days, once daily morning
- Sepia 0/3: Administered for 10 days, once daily morning

Medicines were given in dry dose. Each dose daily morning before food.

Auxiliary measures included maintaining scalp hygiene and avoiding shared personal items. The patient was advised on a balanced diet to support immunity.

5. Discussion

Sepia, derived from the ink of the cuttlefish, is renowned in homeopathy for treating skin ailments with hormonal or fungal etiologies. Its indication in this case was based on the following:

- Dry, scaly skin lesions
- Chronicity of symptoms
- Emotional state matching Sepia's profile (mild irritability and despondency)

Mechanism of Action:

Sepia acts by restoring immune balance, reducing susceptibility to fungal infections. It modulates the body's defense mechanisms, promoting natural healing of skin and scalp tissues.

Comparative Treatment

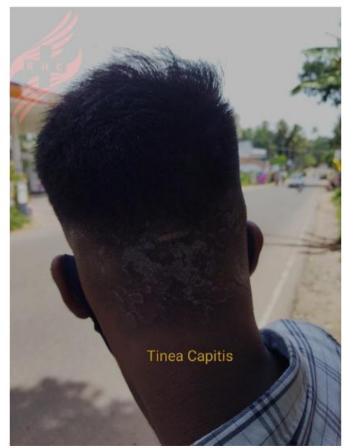
Conventional treatments for Tinea Capitis typically include oral antifungals such as griseofulvin or terbinafine and topical agents. However, these may lead to side effects like gastrointestinal disturbances and liver toxicity. Homeopathic treatment offers a safer alternative, focusing on individualized care and minimal adverse effects.

6. Outcome

After one month of treatment, the patient reported:

- Complete cessation of itching
- Disappearance of scaly patches
- Regrowth of hair in affected areas (see "After" image)

No adverse effects were noted during the treatment period.



Before Treatment

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After Treatment

7. Conclusion

This case illustrates the potential of Sepia in treating Tinea Capitis holistically. Homeopathic medicine, when individualized, can effectively address dermatological conditions while minimizing side effects. Further studies are recommended to establish its efficacy in larger populations.