The Dream of Quartic Equation

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Abstract: In this paper, we are going to see how I rewrote the quartic equation by using the quadratic formula and as a result of an experiment, let's see what it can do. As the title suggests, that is "The dream of the Quartic Equation", I have tried to change the quartic equation into my dream form. Here, I performed 2 calculations. First one consists of the constant e and the second one doesn't consist of the constant e. After conditioning, we have the quartic equation without x.

Keywords: Equation: A mathematical expression/statement with an *equal to* sign.

Quartic Equation: An equation with the highest degree of 4.

Cubic Equation: An equation with the highest degree of 3.

Quadratic Equation: An equation with the highest power of 2.

Quadratic formula: A formula that is used to find the variable x in any quadratic polynomial.

1. Introduction

In this paper, we are going to see how I rewrote the quartic equation by using the quadratic formula and as a result of an experiment, let's see what it can do. As the title suggests, that is "The dream of the Quartic Equation", I have tried to change the quartic equation into my dream form. Here, I performed 2 calculations. First one consists of the *constant e* and the second one doesn't consist of the *constant e*. After conditioning, we have the quartic equation without x. We can use the equation in several situations but it was just my *experiment*.

2. Work

For first calculation variation; Having the constant 0.

$$ax^{4} + bx^{3} + cx^{2} + dx + e = 0$$

$$(ax^{4} + bx^{3} + cx^{2} + dx) + e = 0$$

$$(ax^{4} + [bx^{3} + cx^{2} + dx]) + e = 0$$

$$(ax^{4} + x[bx^{2} + cx + d]) + e = 0$$

Since we have common x variable, we are going to put the quadratic formula in it.

But for now, we are solving the inner equation first by observing the quadratic equation nature.

That is; If a=b, b=c and c=d, The quadratic equation will be

$$\frac{-c\pm\sqrt{c^{2}-4bd}}{2b}$$

$$(ax^{4} + x[b\{\frac{-c\pm\sqrt{c^{2}-4bd}}{2b}\}^{2} + c\{\frac{-c\pm\sqrt{c^{2}-4bd}}{2b}\} + d])$$

First Complex calculation –

From next page.

$$(ax^{4} + \frac{-c\pm\sqrt{c^{2}-4bd}}{2b} [b\{\frac{-c\pm\sqrt{c^{2}-4bd}}{2b}\}^{2} + c\{\frac{-c\pm\sqrt{c^{2}-4bd}}{2b}\} + d]) + e = 0$$

$$(ax^{4} + \frac{-c\pm\sqrt{c^{2}-4bd}}{2b} [b\{\frac{-c^{2}+c^{2}-4bd\pm-2c^{2}\sqrt{c^{2}-4bd}}{4b^{2}}\} + c\{\frac{-c\pm\sqrt{c^{2}-4bd}}{2b}\} + d]) + e = 0$$

$$(ax^{4} + \frac{-c\pm\sqrt{c^{2}-4bd}}{2b} [b\{\frac{-4bd\pm-2c^{2}\sqrt{c^{2}-4bd}}{4b^{2}}\} + c\{\frac{-c\pm\sqrt{c^{2}-4bd}}{2b}\} + d]) + e = 0$$

$$x = \frac{-c \pm \sqrt{c^2 - 4bd}}{2b} = \frac{p}{q}$$

$$\frac{-4bd \pm -2c^2 \sqrt{c^2 - 4bd}}{4b^2} = \frac{x}{y}$$

We have,

$$\left(a\left(\frac{p}{q}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + \frac{p}{q}\left[b\left(\frac{x}{y}\right) + c\left(\frac{p}{2q}\right) + d\right]\right) + e = 0$$

Here, if it was e=0, it would simply become

$$\left(a(\frac{p}{q})^{4} + \frac{p}{q}\left[b(\frac{x}{y}) + c(\frac{p}{2q}) + d\right]\right) = 0$$

3. Conclusion

In summary, I have just rephrased the quartic equation using quadratic formulas.

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Rishikesh Biswas, a super ordinary 8th grader in India, who has contributed a little to the field of mathematics by doing nothing much by just publishing three research papers (excluding this one) and a book. Besides that, the author plays tabla (Indian Classical Musical Instrument) and has a national scholarship in it from the Ministry of Culture. Author has played chess in nationals as well.