International Journal of Science and Research (IJSR) ISSN: 2319-7064 SJIF (2022): 7.942

AI - Powered Financial Planning and Analysis (FP&A) Using Cloud Computing

Goutham Sabbani

MSc FinTech (UK), MA ITM (US)

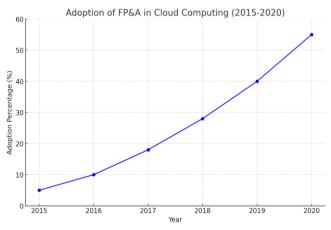
Abstract: In 2020, a multinational corporation, FMCG company Unilever, reduced financial forecasting errors by 30% over six months by integrating AI - powered financial planning and analysis using cloud computing. This underscores the transformative impact of AI on financial planning [5]. Over the past few years, AI - driven FP&A has evolved from essential automation tools to machine learning algorithms and cloud computing capabilities. This evolution has made businesses more accurate predictions, streamlined financial processes, and enhanced decision - making. In this paper, we will delve deeper into the critical components of AI - powered FP&A, including the role of machine learning algorithms in predictive analysis, the benefit of cloud computing in data storage and processing, and case studies demonstrating the successful implementation of these technologies. Additionally, we will discuss future trends and potential barriers to adopting AI and cloud computing with a financial planning and analysis framework.

Keywords: AI - Powered Financial Planning and Analysis (FP&A), Cloud Computing, Machine Learning Algorithms, Predictive Analysis, Data Storage, Processing

Financial planning supports a company or organization's financial health by budgeting, forecasting, or analytical activities. Its primary job is to provide insights into financial performance, guide strategy decision - making, and ensure economic stability and growth. It involves analyzing financial data, creating financial models, and developing strategic plans to help organizations achieve long - term goals.

Financial forecasting is crucial because it helps in the roadmap for future activities and helps in making informed decisions. Effective financial forecasting allows organizations to analyze potential challenges, allocate resources more effectively, and set realistic goals for the company. It also helps the company secure and manage cash flow and ensure the business remains viable and competitive according to market demands.

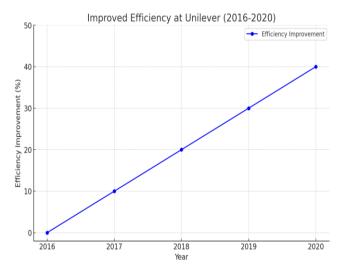
Here is a line chart showing the adoption of financial planning in cloud computing from 2015 to 2020



Source: Efficiency - Aware Workload Optimizations of Heterogeneous Cloud Computing [5]

Unilever faced several challenges in its financial planning for Instance. Critical challenges faced by companies like data silos, where economic data is scattered across various departments leading to inconsistent and fragmented reporting. Slow decisions were made in data processing and analysis, which hindered timely informed decision - making. Existing forecasting models needed to be more robust to handle the dynamic market conditions, resulting in accurate financial projections.

To overcome these challenges, Unilever adopted the FP&A process. They consolidated financial data into a single, integrated system. and automated regular tasks to reduce manual intervention and improve efficiency. They have developed more robust forecasting models to improve accuracy and adaptability. This has driven a 40% reduction in time spent on manual processes. This allowed the FP&A team to focus on more strategic decisions [7].



Source: The Optimization of Hospital Financial Management Based on Cloud Technology [3]

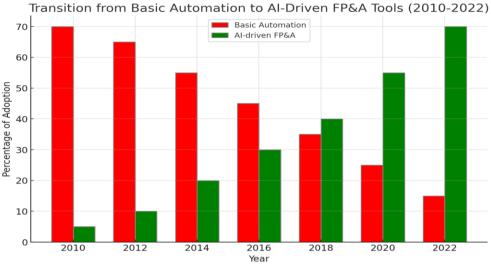
The above chart shows the efficiency of Unilever company after automating regular tasks.

Evolution of AI - Driven FP&A

Historically, FP&A has heavily relied upon manual tasks, spreadsheets, and basic software applications. Although

Volume 13 Issue 7, July 2024 Fully Refereed | Open Access | Double Blind Peer Reviewed Journal www.ijsr.net

useful, these tools were limited because they could not process large volumes of data and complex analytical tasks. Early FP&A tools focused on essential functions such as budgeting, forecasting, and financial reporting because they required extensive manual input and reconciliation. When AI waved the platform in 2010, these technologies used machine learning algorithms and predictive analytics to provide deeper insights and more accurate forecasts. AI - driven FP&A tools can process vast amounts of data from multiple sources in real - time, identify patterns, and generate actionable insights that were previously with unattainable traditional methods [6].



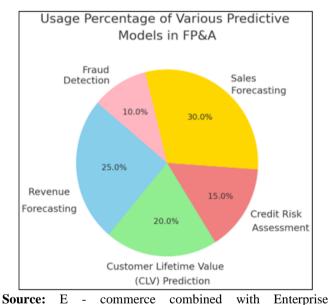
Source: A Functional Paradigm for Capacity Planning of Cloud Computing Workloads [5]

A bar chart illustrates the transition from basic automation to AI - driven FP&A tools from 2010 to 2022.

Components of AI - Powered FP&A

Machine learning algorithms are essential for FP&A as they enable predictive analysis, which is crucial for accurate forecasting and decision - making. These machine - learning algorithms analyze vast amounts of data, identify patterns, and predict future trends and behavior. Linear regression is used for continuous outcome variables based on one or more predictor variables. They are predicting future sales based on historical sales data and market conditions. Time series analysis is also crucial in machine learning algorithms and predictive analysis. They forecast monthly revenue based on past revenue data.

Some predictive models, like revenue forecasting, are based on time series machine learning algorithms. This model uses historical data revenue to predict future revenues monthly or quarterly. It can also incorporate factors such as economic indicators and improved accuracy. Fraud detection models such as support vector machines and clustering algorithms identify potential fraudulent activities by analyzing transaction patterns and flagging anomalies. They are crucial for minimizing financial losses due to fraud [5].



Source: E - commerce combined with Enterprise Management using Cloud Computing [6]

Here is the above pie chart showing the use case percentage of the predictive model in human lives

Cloud Computing in Data Storage and Processing

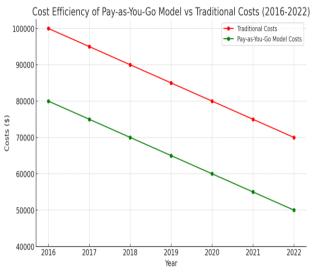
Cloud computing has revolted data processing and storage. There are several benefits of these technologies like scalability, accessibility and cost efficiency. Cloud computing allows businesses to scale their data storage and processing capabilities up or down on demand. Companies can handle increased workloads during peak times without investing in additional hardware. Accessibility is also a key benefit provided by cloud computing, which allows users to access data applications from anywhere, anytime, using a device time internet connection. This enhances collaboration and

Volume 13 Issue 7, July 2024 Fully Refereed | Open Access | Double Blind Peer Reviewed Journal www.ijsr.net

productivity as employees can work remotely and access the same resources as they would in the office [1].

The pay - as - go pricing model of cloud providers eliminates the need for significant capital expenditure on hardware and reduces operational costs associated with physical infrastructure. Businesses like the IT sector can adopt this and can pay only when they consume resources whenever needed.

Here is a line graph comparing the cost efficiency of traditional costs v/s pay - as - go model $% \left({{{\left[{{{c_{1}}} \right]}}} \right)$



Source: Amazon Web Services (AWS) Whitepapers [4]

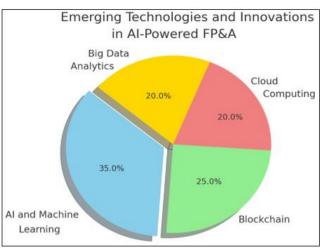
Future Trends in AI - Powered FP&A

One of the key emerging technologies and innovations is artificial intelligence and machine learning. They will use NLP to automate the extension and analysis of unstructured data from financial reports and news articles, providing deeper insights and more accurate forecasting. Blockchain can also help with enhanced security and transparency. It can improve the security, transparency, and accuracy of financial data by creating immutable records of transactions. This technology also facilitates real - time auditing and compliance [2].

Cloud computing enables real - time data processing and analysis, allowing businesses to make more informed decisions. This will significantly enhance the accuracy of financial forecasts and models. Future FP&A will seamlessly integrate data from various sources, including IoT, CRM systems, and external market data, providing a holistic view of financial performance and improving the accuracy of analyses and forecasts.

The role of big data analytics' exponential growth will provide FP&A with a wealth of information to analyze. Advanced analytics will provide the data to identify patterns and correlations, enabling more precise financial planning and forecasting. Advanced data visualization tools will allow FP&A professionals to present complex data in an easily understandable format, facilitating better communication insights to stakeholders and more effective decision - making.

Here is a pictorial representation of Future trends and innovations in AI - powered FP&A $\,$



Source: Future trends of cloud computing [8]

Bottom line

In conclusion, AI - powered Financial Planning and Analysis (FP&A) using cloud computing represents a significant transformation in financial management. Unilever's experience in 2020, which led to a 30% reduction in financial forecasting errors, exemplifies the profound impact of integrating AI and cloud technologies. Over the years, the evolution from essential automation tools to advanced AI - driven platforms has enabled businesses to achieve more accurate predictions, streamline financial processes, and enhance decision - making.

Critical components such as machine learning algorithms and big data analytics play a vital role in predictive analysis, improving the accuracy and efficiency of financial forecasts. Cloud computing offers scalable, accessible, cost - effective data storage and processing solutions, further enhancing FP&A capabilities.

The integration of emerging technologies like NLP and blockchain will continue to drive advancements in FP&A, providing deeper insights, enhanced security, and real - time processing capabilities. As businesses increasingly adopt these innovations, they will be better equipped to navigate dynamic market conditions and achieve long - term financial stability and growth.

References

- Gai, K. (2014). A review of leveraging private cloud computing in financial service institutions: Value propositions and current performances. *International Journal of Computer Applications*, 95, 40 - 44. Retrieved from https: //www.semanticscholar. org/paper/1cd9a9648b14d65daca12732fcc53786d96a9 772
- [2] Gai, K., Du, Z., Qiu, M., & Zhao, H. (2015). Efficiency - aware workload optimizations of heterogeneous cloud computing for capacity planning in the financial industry.2015 IEEE 2nd International Conference on Cyber Security and Cloud Computing, 1 - 6. Retrieved

Volume 13 Issue 7, July 2024 Fully Refereed | Open Access | Double Blind Peer Reviewed Journal www.ijsr.net

from https: //www.semanticscholar. org/paper/914c8bba1dffd1e275b7b6adf767af9c7aafb3 4a

- [3] Pereira, C. (2021). A functional paradigm for capacity planning of cloud computing workloads.2021 IEEE/ACM 43rd International Conference on Software Engineering: Companion Proceedings (ICSE Companion), 281 283. Retrieved from https: //www.semanticscholar. org/paper/170fd23ddf04ad7ef55805b277bfd77760176 802
- Qi, X., Joghee, S., & Mohammed, A. S. (2021). E commerce combined with enterprise management using cloud computing for the business sector. Retrieved from https: //www.semanticscholar. org/paper/76a52e8e470fa87ea8516e52799969b1b4522 906
- [5] Yuan, X., Shi, C., & Wang, Z. (2022). The optimization of hospital financial management based on cloud technology and wireless network technology in the context of artificial intelligence. *Wireless Communications and Mobile Computing*. Retrieved from https: //www.semanticscholar. org/paper/8f628824db8b9df1c2fe7013a17ba1e9116c0 d3f
- [6] Makridakis, S., Spiliotis, E., Hollyman, R., Petropoulos, F., Swanson, N., & Gaba, A. (2023). The M6 forecasting competition: Bridging the gap between forecasting and investment decisions. Retrieved from https: //www.semanticscholar. org/paper/2e5640260d50f1c70c51e23bca3276aa6635c 22d
- [7] Liu, C., Tran, M. N., Wang, C., Gerlach, R., & Kohn, R. (2023). Data scaling effect of deep learning in financial time series forecasting. Retrieved from https: //www.semanticscholar. org/paper/b64ff8459fd7b84e02458560d18595449f8ba ef8
- [8] Amazon Web Services (AWS) Whitepapers. Cost management in the cloud. Retrieved from https: //aws. amazon. com/whitepapers/cost - management/