Design Proportional Integral Controller Using Facts Device for Voltage Compensation

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Abstract: In this paper a new methodology and approach is used to design a controller which can control the voltage sag and system abnormalities at fault condition. For approaching this we use FACTS devices and proportional integral (PI) controller. Fact devices enhance the system voltages problem, harmonics and stabilities. Different types of FACTS devices are available in power system. The DSTATCOM is more suitable in voltage sag problem control. It is a shunt connected FACTS device. In MATLAB model it is combined with the proportional integral (PI) control which is cheaper and it’s functioning is very easy. In this controller we have used 2 bus transmission power system using MATLAB/SIMULINK software.

Keywords: PWM, D-STATCOM, PI, FACTs, VSC

1. Introduction

Present time the power system transmission line faces various problem due to the changes in the load variation, occurrence of certain fault and increase in demand. The compensation technique can be used to overcome this situation. The FACTS (flexible ac transmission System) technology is a promising approach to assure power system problem. This approaching method is based on the introduction of power electronic devices in the traditional ac power system. The insertion of power electronic devices enhances the capability, controllability and transfer limit of the power system.

At a present time, power quality, voltage regulation dynamic fluctuation these are most furious problem occurs in the power system. The voltage problem is generally occurring due to the occurrence of fault. The severity of voltage problem depends on the type of fault, line to line, line –line–line, line-ground, line-line-line-ground (L–L–L–G). The line-line-line-ground type fault is more dangerous and makes system voltage in worst condition than other type of fault. in these paper we are trying to control the basic parameter and the voltage sag and voltage regulation of power system with the help of proportional integral (PI) and the distribution static synchronous compensator (DSTATCOM). There is further more technique is used for installation and control of FACTS devices. There is a lot of technique used for control of facts devices like PI controller, fuzzy logic, neuro fuzzy. But the PI controller is a very prominent method for controlling the FACTS devices. The application and design processes of controller is described in the further chapter.

2. D-STATCOM Operation

D-STATACOM is a shunt type voltage compensator that mean there should be coupling transformer connected in between the distribution system and the D-STATCOM for isolating the DSTATCOM form distribution system. the device should be install very close to load so that it can maximize its compensation capability. D-STATCOM is very useful in case of where the AC system is weak in magnitude. The modelled diagram and component of D-STSTCOM is described below:

3. PI Controller

It is used to provide the control logic by controlling the gating signal of voltage source convertor. the value of input is taken from the VI measurement block. That is further processed, compare and generate the pulses to control the DSTATCOM.

Figure 2.1: DSTATCOM MATLAB model

Figure 3.1: PI Simulink model
4. MATLAB Simulation Model

The proposed model is tested on 2 bus model with source at both end. the source system is configured with 25 kv, 50 Hz the transformer is of 250 MVA. we have used converter having 6 pulse with 3 arm and sampling time 5 micro second. The simulation is run for 1 second and fault duration is given between 0.2s to 0.4s.the Simulink model is shown below:

![Figure 4.1: Shows the complete model of PI controlled DSTACOM](image)

After simulating the graph of output power is shown that is represented below. The magnitude of power, phase is shown in all condition like before fault with fault and without fault.

4.1 Without fault ideal condition:

This case considers that there is no any fault in any phase of line. The phase graph is downward and it stabilizing itself at value of -30.the the magnitude graph is showing its value around 8.7. The simulation graph is shown below.

![Figure 4.2: Show phase graph of voltage without fault in system](image)

![Figure 4.3: Magnitude graph of voltage without fault in system](image)

4.2 Fault Condition

In this condition the fault is introduces in the system in all phase of line with respect to the ground. There are many other condition of fault that can simulate and analysis the same way. As the fault condition changes like LLLG to LLG the drop in magnitude and phase is less compare to LLLG fault condition. during the fault period 0.2 to 0.4 the phase graph shows more downward slope stabilizing at value -60 during the fault duration. while magnitude is at 0.5 p.u. during time period of fault.
5. Result

From above simulation it is clear that PI based DSTATCOM is working sufficiently to control the power system problem. The above simulation and compression is done for the time interval 0.2 to 0.4 second.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>Phase (Pu)</th>
<th>Magnitude(Pu)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ideal</td>
<td>-31</td>
<td>8.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fault</td>
<td>-60</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compensated</td>
<td>-18</td>
<td>8.9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6. Conclusion

In this thesis report designing of controller id with the help of PI controller. here we investigated the 3-phase fault under different condition. We have analysis the different fault condition and different degree of compensation. We used PI based D-STATCOM compensator to control voltage unbalance and sag condition in power system. The important thing is to choose right value and transmission fundamental component value. The difference between Vref and Vmean and also the difference of Iref and Imean and their derivatives is provided to the controller as input and the Kp and Ki is taken out as output parameter of controller(PI). The proposed model is simulated and analyzed in the MATLAB/SIMULINK. The simulation indicates that the DSTATCOM based PI controller in 3-phase gives good performance compare to other FACTS devices.

References


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